Approved For Release 2001/93/05 RDP82-00457R000700250006-5 ATELLOFAX 12 25X1X 25X1A CONTROL CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP INTELLIGENCE REPORT COUNTRY Chins DATE: MO. See balow Military Information: Soviets on Kuantung SUBJECT DIST. 7 July 1947 Paninsula 25X1A PAGES SUPPLEMENT ORIGIN 25X1X TE. From 15 to 18 January the Soviet military installed two strong barbed wire fences from Panchiakou fort /121-12, 38-46/ through Shangchiakou /121-12, 38-47/ and Yahutsui forts /121-12, 38-47/ to Heitaiyangkou fort, which is west of Helnshibchiah (Port Arthur New City). 25X1A would run from this position in a northeasterly direction along the west coast of West Hebor.) Shangchiakou fort, scuthwest of Hsinshihehiah, facing Hsinoliuchiatun (unlocated) to the east, is being rebuilt by the Soviets. They have moved about seventy light and heavy guns to Liuchiakou /121-12, 38-47, which is on the southwest coast of West Harbor, facing Tionchiatum /121-13, 38-46/ on Lachuwei Peninsula. Four large godowns at Shengchiakou are stored with gasoline. There are 120 Soviet soldiers stationed at Shengchiakou fort. Three gendames are posted on the steel bridge which leads to Tabutsui village, in front of Tabuteui fort, which is north /northwest ? of Shengchiakou fort. On 26 and 27 January Soviet troops stationed at Marine Corps Headquarters in Mainshibchish were replaced by 2,200 better disciplined Marines from Vladi-5. On 6 January new Soviet-type guns (caliber unknown) were mounted at the Sunchiakou fort [121-14, 38-49.5 27, which is northeast of Hsinshihchieh and east of Hsiaonantzushan (Hsiaoantzushan (121-13.5, 38-49.5) 37. On 1 February the Soviets began constructing three large gasoline depots at a point between Tlenchiatum and Shihpanshan, on the east coast of Chin Wan (Bay) (121-03, 38-48). Japanese wore engaged for the work. 7. Beginning 19 January the Soviets mobilized 2,400 laborers to construct a winding treach along the highway from Yangtouwatun (121-07, 38-50) through Lichiatum /121-09, 38-50/ and Panchiatum /? Tapanchiatum (121-09, 38-51) 3/ to Msiaopanchiatum (121-10, 38-52). Two cattles of grain are given to each laborer daily. This document is hereby regraded to CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the letter of 16 October 1078 from the Director of Central Intelligence to the Document No. Archivist of the United States. NO CHANGE in Class DECLASSIT Next Review Date: 2008 CONTROL 25X1X 033

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- CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

- 8. On 12 February 1,800 Soviet soldiers arrived at Port Arthur by boat. They are stationed at new barracks in Taiyangkou, which is east of Tanantzushan /Taantzushan (121-13, 38-49)?
- From 9 to 14 February eight Soviet officers and two Japanese, traveling on two steamboats, were engaged in surveying activities at the mouth of Port Arthur Harbor.
- 10. On 8 February the Soviets began mobilizing 3,400 laborers to crect defenses following the coast from Hsiaopingtaotum (121-29, 38-50) to Tientaishan (unlocated). Batteries have been built at Ropanshan [121-30, 38-51] and Waitoushan [121-28, 38-52], northeast of Hsiaopingtao. Large batteries have been built at a point three miles north of Yingchengtzu railway station [121-23, 38-52].
- 11. From 1 to 10 February the Soviet military enlisted forty radio operators, aged 17 to 20, through examination. This figure includes five screams and one Japanese. Training has already started in the former Japanese Navy radio station building at Hanchiatun [121-32, 38-57].

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